عائشة هي أفضل

Aishah is better



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نعم كان رسول الله ﷺ يحب نساءه وكان احبّهن إليه عائشة رضي الله عنها زاد المعاد لإبن قيّم

Yes, the Messenger of Allah (SAW) loved His women, and the most beloved of them to Him was 'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her).

Ibn Qayyim, Zad Al-mu'ad

قال رسول الله ﷺ كمل من الرجال كثير ولم يكمُل من النساء غير مريم بنت عمران وآسية إمرأة فرعون وإن فضل عائشة على النساء كفضل الثريد على سائر الطعام

صحيح مسلم كتاب فضائل الصحابة

The Messenger of Allah (SAW) said: There are many men who have attained perfection, but no women have attained perfection except Maryam the daughter of 'Imran and Asiyah Pharaoh's woman. And indeed 'Aishah is better than other women like tharid is better than any other food.

Sahih Muslim, The book of the virtues of the Companions

قوله ﷺ وفضل عائشة على النساء كفضل الثريد على سائر الطعام: ... والمراد بالفضيلة نفعه والتشبع منه وسهولة مساغه والالتذاذ به وتيسر تناوله وتمكن الانسان من أخذ كفايته منه بسرعة وغير ذلك فهو أفضل من المرق كله ومن سائر الأطعمة وفضل عائشة على النساء زائد كزيادة فضل الثريد على غيره من الأطعمة

المنهاج للنووي

His (SAW) words: 'Aishah is better than other woman like tharid is better than other food. ... The meaning of this superiority is its usefulness, the satisfaction gained from it, the ease with which it is eaten, the enjoyment of it, its simple preparation, and the possibility for a man to promptly obtain from it what fills him, among other things. For it is better than any broth alone and all other kinds of food. The superiority of 'Aishah over other women is like the additional superiority of tharid over all other food.

Al-Nawawi, Al-minhaj

He (SAW) said ... Indeed divine revelation has not come to me when I am in the garment of any woman except that of 'Aishah.

Sahih Al-Bukhari, The book of gift-giving, its merits, and urging it

فقال أسيد بن حضير جزاكِ الله خيراً فوالله ما نزل بكِ أمرٌ قط إلا جعل الله لكِ منه مخرجاً وجعل للمسلمين فيه بركة

صحيح مسلم كتاب الحيض

Usaid ibn Hudair said [to 'Aishah]: May Allah reward you richly! I swear by Allah no issue has ever come down because of you that Allah has not made, from it, a way out for you, and in it made a blessing for the Muslims.

Sahih Muslim, The book of menstruation

ينبغي أن تكون المرأة مع زوجها ظاهرها وباطنها واحد وتقنع معه بالقليل إن لم يقدر على الكثير وتقتدي بعائشة وفاطمة رضي الله عنهما لتكون من أهل الجنة

التبر المسبوك لإبن الجوزي

A woman must stand by her husband in outward appearance and inwardly alike, and must be content with him, even with little if he is unable to do much; and she must follow the example of 'Aishah and Fatimah (may Allah be pleased with them both) so that she might be among the inhabitants of *Jannah*.

Ibn Al-Jawzi, Al-tibr Al-masbuk

عن موسى بن طلحة قال ما رأيت احداً أفصح من عائشة جامع الترمذي كتاب المناقب

Musa ibn Talha said: I never saw anyone more well-spoken than 'Aishah.

Sunan Al-Tirmidhi, The book of virtuous traits

عن هشام بن عروة عن أبيه قال ما رأيت أحداً أعلم بالطب من عائشة رضي الله عنها فقلت يا خالة ممن تعلّمت الطب قالت كنت أسمع الناس ينعّت بعضهم لبعض فأحفظه سير أعلام النبلاء للذهبي

Hisham ibn 'Urwa related from his father, who said: I never saw anyone who knew more about medicine than 'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her). I said: Oh aunt, from who did you learn medicine? She said: I used to listen to people describe each other, and I memorized it.

Al-Dhahabi, Siyar A'lam Al-nubalaa

عن القاسم أن عائشة كانت تصوم الدهر كتاب الطبقات الكبير لإبن سعد

Al-Qasim related that 'Aishah would fast all the time.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir

عن عمارة بن عمير قال حدثني من سمع عائشة عليها السلام إذا قرأت هذه الآية ﴿ وَقُرْنَ فِي بيوتكن ﴾ بكت حتى تبُلّ خمارها كاب الطبقات الكبر لابن سعد

'Umara ibn 'Umair said: Someone who had heard 'Aishah (peace be upon her) related to us that whenever she recited this verse { And stay in your houses } [Al-Ahzab 33], she would cry until her head cover became moist.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir

وفي الحديث خذوا شطر دينكم من الحميراء يعني عائشة كان يقول لها أحياناً يا حميراء تصغير الحمراء يريد البيضاء

لسان العرب لإبن منظور

And the hadith: "Take half of your religion from the little red girl [humaira]"; that is, 'Aishah. Sometimes people would call her: "Hey little red girl!"; that is, the diminutive form of "red woman", meaning "white woman".

Ibn Mandhour, Lisan Al-arab

قالت عائشة فضلت بعشر ... فذكرت مجيء جبريل بصورتها قالت ولم ينكح بكراً غيري ولا إمرأة أبواها مهاجران غيري وأنزل الله براءتي من السماء وكان ينزل عليه الوحي وهو معي وكنت اغتسل أنا وهو من إناء واحد وكان يصلي وأنا معترضة بين يديه وقبض بين سحري ونحري في بيتي وفي ليلتي ودفن في بيتي الإصابة لإبن حجر العسقلاني

'Aishah said: I have been favoured in ten ways ... and she mentioned how Jibril had come with her image; and she said: He did not have marital relations with any virgin except me; no woman whose parents were emigrants [muhajir] except me; Allah sent my absolution down from heaven; He sent down divine revelation to him while I was with him; I would take a bath, me and him, from one vessel; He would pray with me lying across him; He was taken while in my bosom, in my house and on my night; and He was buried at my house.

Ibn Hajar Al-'Asqalani, Al-isaba

The Prophet (SAW) said: Indeed it has been shown to me that I will see the whiteness of 'Aishah's hands in Jannah.

Musnad Ahmad, Narrations from 'Aishah

عن عائشة قالت تزوجني رسول الله ﷺ وأنا بنت ستٍ ودخل علي وأنا بنت تسع سنين وكنت ألعب بالبنات سنن النسائي كتاب النكاح

'Aishah said: the Messenger of Allah (SAW) married me when I was six, and entered in to see me when I was nine years old, and I used to play with dolls.

Sunan Al-Nasa'i, The book of marital relations

The Prophet's (SAW) marriage to 'Aishah when she was six years old was a distinguishing attribute of his and an honour given to Him.

Ibn Hajar Al-'Asqalani, Fath Al-bari

صحيح البخاري كتب النكاح

The Prophet (SAW) married 'Aishah when she was six, and He had sex with her when she was nine, and she resided with him for nine years.

Sahih Al-Bukhari, The book of marital relations

ولم يتزوج رسول الله ﷺ بكراً غيرها السيرة النبوية لإبن هشام

The Messenger of Allah (SAW) did not marry any virgin but her.

Ibn Hisham, Al-sirah Al-nabawiya

عن عائشة رضي الله عنها قالت فلما قدمنا المدينة جاءني نسوة وأنا ألعب على أرجوحة وأنا جممة فذهبن بي فهيّأنني وصنّعنني ثم أتين بي رسول الله ﷺ فبنى بي وأنا إبنة تسع سنين سنن ابى داود كتاب الأدب

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) said: When we got to Medina, some women came to me while I was playing on a swing, and my hair was still short like a man's, and they took me away and got me ready and made me look nice. Then they brought me to the Messenger of Allah (SAW), and He had sex with me when I was a nine-year-old girl.

Sunan Abu Dawud, The book of manners

عن عائشة رضي الله عنها ما رايت فرج رسول الله ﷺ قط الشفا للقاضي عياض اليحصي

'Aishah (May Allah be pleased with her) related: At no time did I ever see the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) crotch.

Al-qadi 'Iyad Al-Yahsubi, Al-shifa

عن عائشة في المني قالت كنت أفركه من ثوب رسول الله ﷺ صحيح مسلم كتاب الطهارة

'Aishah said regarding semen: I used to scrape it off the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) garment.

Sahih Muslim, The book of purification

'Aishah related that the Prophet (SAW) would kiss her when He was fasting, and suck on her tongue.

Sunan Abu Dawud, The book of fasting

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) said: I used to wash myself, me and the Messenger of Allah (SAW), from one vessel; He would make a move on me and I would make a move on him, until He would say "Leave some for me!" and I would say "Leave some for me!"

Sunan Al-Nasa'i, The book of purity

عن عائشة قالت كان رسول الله ﷺ يصلي وأنا إلى جنبه وأنا حائض وعلي مرط لي وعليه بعضه

سنن إبن ماجه كتاب الطهارة وسننها

'Aishah said: The Messenger of Allah (SAW) would pray while I was at his side, and menstruating, wearing a cloak of mine, with part of it over him.

Sunan Ibn Majah, The book of purity and its sunnah

عن عائشة زوج النبي ﷺ قالت إن رجلاً سأل رسول الله ﷺ عن الرجل يجامع أهله ثم يُكسل هل عليهما الغسل وعائشة جالسة فقال رسول الله ﷺ اني لافعل ذلك أنا وهذه ثم نغتسل

صحيح مسلم كتاب الحيض

'Aishah, the wife of the Prophet (SAW) said: A certain man asked the Messenger of Allah (SAW) about someone who has sex with a woman of his household but then dwindles and does not finish; is it obligatory for them to wash? And 'Aishah was sitting there. The Messenger of Allah (SAW) said: Indeed I do that, me and her, and then we wash.

Sahih Muslim, The book of menstruation

قولها [عائشة] كان رسول الله ﷺ يتكئ في حجري وأنا حائض فيقرأ القران فيه جواز قراءة القران مضطجعاً ومتكئاً على الحائض وبقرب موضع النجاسة

المنهاج للنووي

Regarding her ['Aishah's] account: "The Messenger of Allah (SAW) used to recline in my lap while I was menstruating and recite the Qur'an." Here is the permissibility of reciting the Qur'an while lying down and reclining on a menstruating woman, close to the location of filth.

Al-Nawawi, Al-minhaj

عن عائشة أن النبي ﷺ قبَّل بعض نسائه ثم خرج إلى الصلاة ولم يتوضأ قال قلتُ من هي إلا إنتِ قال فضحكت

سنن الترمذي كتاب الطهارة

'Aishah said that the Prophet (SAW) kissed one of his women, and then went out to prayer without having performed ablution. 'Urwa said: Who could it have been but you? And she laughed.

Sunan Al-Tirmidhi, The book of purity

عن عائشة قالت لبينا بالحج حتى إذا كنا بسرف حضت فدخل علي رسول الله ﷺ وأنا أبكي فقال ما يُبكيكِ يا عائشة قلت حضت ليتني لم أكن حَجب قال سبحان الله انما ذاك شيءً كتبه الله عز وجل على بنات آدم انسكي المناسك كلها غير أن لا تطوفي بالبيت المسند للامام أحمد حدث عائشة

From 'Aishah, who said: We were observing hajj, until when we were at Sarif, I got my period. The Messenger of Allah (SAW) came in to see me, and I was crying. He said: What is making you cry, oh 'Aishah? I said: I got my period; I wish I hadn't come on the hajj. He said: Praised be Allah! Indeed that is something that Allah Mighty and Sublime has ordained for the daughters of Adam, so devote yourself to all the rituals of hajj, except do not go around the house.

Musnad Ahmad, Section: the hadith of 'Aishah

النبي ﷺ كان يلمس عائشة عند سجوده بيده وربما لمسته بداية المجتهد لإبن رشد

The Prophet (*SAW*) would touch 'Aishah with his hand during his prostrations, and perhaps she would touch him as well.

Ibn Rushd, Bidaya Al-mujtahid

عن عائشة قالت كنت أطيّب رسول الله ﷺ عند إحرامه بأطيب ما أجد سن النسائي كتاب الحج

'Aishah said: I used to perfume the Messenger of Allah (SAW) during his purification for pilgrimage [ihram], using the best I could find.

Sunan Al-Nasa'i, The book of hajj

عن عائشة أنها قالت كان نبي الله ﷺ يستاك فيعطيني السواك لأغسله فأبدأ به فأستاك ثم أغسله وأدفعه إليه سن ابي داود كتاب الطهارة

'Aishah said: The Prophet of Allah (SAW) would clean his teeth with the *siwak*, then give the *siwak* to me to wash; and I would start with it, cleaning my teeth, then I would wash it and hand it over to him.

Sunan Abu Dawud, The book of purity

عن عروة قال كانت عائشة ترجّل رأس رسول الله ﷺ معتكفاً وهي حائض قال يناولها رأسه وهي في حُجرتها والنبي ﷺ في المسجد المصنف لعبد الرزاق كتاب الحيض

'Urwa said: 'Aishah used to groom the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) head when he was in seclusion [i'tikaf], and she was menstruating. While the Prophet (SAW) was in the mosque He would move his head up close to her while she was in her chamber.

^{&#}x27;Abd Al-Razzaq, the Musannaf, The book of menstruation

عن عائشة رضي الله عنها قالت أتيت النبي ﷺ بخريرة قد طبختها له فقلت لسودة والنبي ﷺ بيني وبينها كُلي فأبت فقلت لتأكلين أو لأُلطّخنّ وجهكِ فأبت فوضعت يدي في الخريرة فطليتُ وجهها فضحك النبي ﷺ فوضع بيده لها وقال لها الطخي وجهها

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) said: I brought some kharira, that I had cooked, to the Prophet (SAW). And I said to Sawdah – the Prophet (SAW) was between us – Eat. But she refused. So I said: Either you eat or I'll smear it in your face! But she refused. So I put my hand in the kharira and dabbed her face. Then the Prophet (SAW) laughed, took some in his hand for her, and said to her: Smear her face too!

Al-Haythami, Baghiya Al-Ra'id

... سوف أخبرك ما صنع النبي ﷺ إنه كان ليلتي منه فطحنت شيئاً من شعير فجعلت له قرصاً فدخل فرد الباب ودخل إلى المسجد وكان إذا أراد أن ينام أغلق الباب وأوكا القربة وأكفأ القدح وأطفأ المصباح فانتظرته أن ينصرف فأطعمه القرص فلم ينصرف حتى غلبني النوم وأوجعه البرد فأتاني فأقامني ثم قال أدفئيني أدفئيني فقلت له اني حائض فقال وإن اكشفي عن فخذيك فكشفت له عن فخذي فوضع خده ورأسه على فخذي حتى دفئ الأدب المفرد للبخارى كتاب الجار

I will tell you what the Prophet (SAW) did – it was my night with Him and I cooked something out of barley and made a patty for

Him. He came in, shut the door, and went into the place of prostration; and if He wanted to sleep He closed the door, inclined the waterskin, turned the drinking cups over, and put out the lamp. And I waited for Him to come out so I could feed Him the patty, but He did not leave until I was overcome by sleep. And the cold hurt Him so He came to me and woke me up, then said: Warm me, warm me! I said to Him: But I am menstruating. And He said: Then just uncover your thighs. So I uncovered my thighs for Him, and He put his cheek and head on my thighs until He became warm.

Al-Bukhari, Al-adab Al-mufrad, The book of neighbors

عن عائشة أن رسول الله ﷺ كان يقول لها إني أعرف غضبك إذا غضبت ورضاك إذا رضيت فقالت وكيف تعرف ذلك يا رسول الله قال إذا غضبك قلت يا محمد وإذا رضيت قلت يا رسول الله مسند الامام أحمد مسند عائشة

'Aishah related that the Messenger of Allah (*SAW*) said to her: Indeed I know when you get upset and when you are pleased. She said: And how do you know that, oh Messenger of Allah? He said: Whenever you

get upset you say "Oh Muhammad" and whenever you are pleased you say "Oh Messenger of Allah".

Musnad Ahmad, Narrations from 'Aishah

قام النبي ﷺ خطيباً فأشار نحو مسكن عائشة فقال هنا الفتنة ثلاثاً من حيث يطلّع قرن الشيطان

صحيح البخاري كتاب فرض الخمس

The Prophet (SAW) got up to give a speech, and He pointed towards 'Aishah's house and said: Trouble [fitna] is here, trouble is here, trouble is here, where the side of Satan's head comes out.

Sahih Al-Bukhari, The book of the obligation to give one-fifth [of the booty]

قالت عائشة ألا أحدثكم عني وعن النبي على قالت لما كانت ليلتي التي كان النبي على فيا عندي إنقلب فوضع رداءه وخلع نعليه فوضعهما عند رجليه وبسط طرف إزاره على فراشه فإضطجع فلم يلبث إلا ريثما ظن أن قد رقدتُ فأخذ رداءه رويداً وإنتعل رويداً وفتح الباب فخرج ثم أجافه رويداً فعلتُ درعي في رأسي واختمرت وتقنّعت إزاري ثم انطلقت على اثره حتى جاء البقيع فقام فأطال القيام ثم رفع يديه ثلاث مرات ثم إنحرف فانحرفتُ فأسرعت فهرول فهرولت فأحضر فاحضرت فسبقته فدخلت فليس إلا أن اضطجعت فدخل فقال ما لك يا عائشة حشياء رابيةً قالت قلت لا شيء قال لتغبريني أو ليخبرتي اللطيف الخبير قالت قلت يا رسول الله بأبي

أنت وأمي فأخبرته قال فأنتِ السواد الذي رأيت أمامي قلت نعم فلهدني في صدري لهدةً أوجعتني ثم قال أظننتِ أن يحيف الله عليك ورسوله قالت مهما يكتم الناس يعلمه الله نعم قال فإن جبريل أتاني حين رأيتِ فناداني فأخفاه منك فأجبته فأخفيته منك ولم يكن يدخل عليك وقد وضعتِ ثيابك وظننتُ أن قد رقدت فكرهتُ أن أوقظك وخشيت أن تستوحشي صحيح مسلم كتاب الجنائز

'Aishah said: Shall I not tell you all about me and the Prophet (SAW)? We said: Yes of course. She said: When it was my night for the Prophet (SAW) to be with me, He turned over, put on his garment, took off his sandals and put them by his feet, and spread out the edge of his waist wrap over his bed, and then he lay down. He remained only until He thought that I had fallen asleep, then He gently grabbed his garment, gently put on his sandals, and gently opened the door. He went outside and then gently closed it. So I put my robe over my head, veiled myself, and hid myself with my waist wrap. Then I went out following his footsteps until He reached Albaqi'. He stood there and remained standing for a long time, then He raised his hands three times, and then left; and I left also. And He started to go faster and I started to go faster also. Then He hurried and I hurried also. Then He arrived and I arrived, but I arrived before him and entered, and went straight to lying down. Then He entered and said: What is with you, Oh 'Aishah, that you are breathing so hard? She said: Nothing. He said: You'd better tell me, or the Agreeable and Mindful One will tell me. She said: I said: Oh Messenger of Allah, I would give my father and mother for you; and I told him. He said: So you were the darkness that I saw in front of me? She said: Yes. Then He gave me a hard painful shove in the chest, and He said: Did you think that Allah and His Messenger would treat you unjustly? She said: Whatever people cover up, Allah knows it, yes. He said: Indeed Jibril came to me when you saw that, and he called to me, but he concealed it from you. I answered him and concealed him from you, and he did not come to you, since you had left your garment off; and I thought that you had fallen asleep and I did not want to wake you, and I was afraid that you might be frightened.

Sahih Muslim, The book of funerals

عن عائشة قالت كنت مسنداً النبي ﷺ إلى صدري أو قالت إلى حجري فدعا بطَست ليبول فيه ثم بال فمات

الشمائل المحمدية للترمذي

'Aishah said: I had the Prophet (SAW) propped up against my chest (or she said "on my lap") and He asked for a washbasin to urinate in; then He urinated, and died.

Al-Tirmidhi, Al-shama'il al-Muhammadiya

عن عائشة رضى الله عنها قالت توفي النبي ﷺ في بيتي وفي يومي وبين سحري ونحري ... ومر عبد الرحمن بن ابي بكر وفي يده جريدة رطبة فنظر إليه النبي يَنْ فَظَنْتُ أَن لِه بِهَا حَاجَةً فَأَخَذَتِهَا فَضَغْتِ رأسِهَا وَنَفْضَهَا فَدَفَعْهَا إِلَيْهُ فاستنّ بها كأحْس ما كان مستنّاً ثم ناولَنيها فسقطت يده أو سقطت من يده فجمع الله بين ريقي وريقه في آخريوم من الدنيا وأول يوم من الآخرة صحيح البخاري كتات المغازي

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) said: The Prophet (SAW) passed away in my house and on my day, while in my bosom. ... 'Abd Al-Rahman ibn Abi Bakr passed by with a fresh palm frond in his hand, and the Prophet (SAW) looked at him, and I thought that He needed it, and so I took it, chewed the end of it, shook it off, and passed it to Him. And He cleaned his teeth with it as good as He ever had, then passed it to me, and his hand fell -

or it fell from his hand. And so Allah brought together my saliva and his saliva on his last day in this world and his first day in the hereafter.

Sahih Al-Bukhari, The book of military raids

عن عائشة رضي الله تعالى عنها قالت ما شبعت بعد النبي ﷺ من طعام إلا ولو شئت أن أبكي لبكيت حلية الأولياء لابى نعيم الاصفهانى

'Aishah (may Allah Most High be pleased with her), said: After the Prophet (SAW), I never got my fill of food, except if I wanted to cry, I would cry.

Abu Nu'im Al-Asfahani, Hilya Al-Awliyaa

وكانت عائشة أم المؤمنين إذا أرادت أن يدخل عليها أحد الحجابَ أرضعتْه تأولت ذلك من إذن النبي ﷺ تفسير إبن عاشور النساء ٢٣

And whenever 'Aishah, Mother of the Believers, wished for anyone to come in past the curtain to see her, she would breastfeed him, explaining this as by the permission of the Prophet (*SAW*).

Tafsir Ibn 'Ashur, Al-nisaa 23

وكانت عائشة تأمر من يريد أن يدخل عليها أن يرضع خمس رضعات تفسير ابن كثير النساء ٢٣

'Aishah would have anyone who wanted to come in to see her get breastfed five times.

Tafsir Ibn Kathir, Surah Al-nisaa 23

عن عائشة رضي الله عنها أن إمرأة قالت لها يا أمه فقالت أنا أم رجالكم لست بأمك

السنن الكبرى للبيهقي كتاب النكاح

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) related that a woman said to her: Oh mother! And she said: I am the mother of your men; I'm not your mother.

Al-Bayhaqi, Al-sunan Al-kubra, The book of marital relations

عن همام بن الحارث قال نزل بعائشة ضيفً فأمرت له بملحفة لها صفراء فإحتلم فيها فإستحيى أن يرسل بها وفيها أثر الإحتلام فغمسها في الماء ثم أرسل بها فقالت عائشة لم أفسدت علينا ثوبنا إنما كان يكفيك أن تفركه بإصبعك ربما فركتُه من ثوب رسول الله ﷺ بإصبعي

سنن إبن ماجه كتاب الطهارة وسننها

From Hammam ibn Al-Harith who said: A guest came to 'Aishah, and she ordered that he be given a yellow blanket of hers. He had a wet dream on it and was embarrassed to send it back with traces of the wet dream on it, so

he dipped it in water and then sent it back. And 'Aishah said: Why have you ruined our garment for us?! It would have been enough for you to scrape it with your finger; sometimes I would scrape it off the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) garment with my finger.

Sunan Ibn Majah, The book of purity and its sunnah

From 'Aishah who said: I never saw anyone who could make food like Safiyah. She gave a gift to the Prophet (SAW) of a dish with some food in it, and I couldn't help myself from breaking it.

Sunan Al-Nasa'i, The book of intimacy with women

Hafsah bint 'Abd Al-Rahman went in to see 'Aishah, the Prophet's (SAW) wife, wearing a thin headwrap; but 'Aishah ripped it up and put a thick headwrap on her.

Muwatta Malik, The book of clothing

عن عائشة أنها مشت بنعل واحدة سنن الترمذي كتاب اللباس

'Aishah would walk around in one sandal.

Sunan Al-Tirmidhi, The book of clothing

عن عائشة أنها شَوَّفت جارية وطافت بها وقالت لعلنا نتصيد بها بعض شباب قريش

مصنف إبن ابي شيبة كتاب البيوع والاقضية

'Aishah related that she dressed up a servant girl, went around with her, and said: Maybe we can take her and go after some Quraish boys.

Ibn Abi Shaybah, Al-Musannaf, The book of transactions and legal judgments

عن ابي موسى قال ما أشكل علينا أصحاب رسول الله ﷺ حديثٌ قط فسألنا عائشة إلا وجدنا عندها منه عِلماً جامع الترمذي كتاب المناقب

Abu Musa said: Any time a hadith was ever difficult for us – the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) Companions – and we asked 'Aishah, we always found that she knew something about it.

Sunan Al-Tirmidhi, The book of virtuous traits

عن ابي سلمة بن عبد الرحمان قال ما رأيت احداً أعلم بسنن رسول الله ﷺ ولا افقه في رأيٍ إن إحتيج إلى رأيه ولا أعلم بآية فيما نزلت ولا فريضة من عائشة

كتاب الطبقات الكبير لإبن سعد ذكر أزواج رسول الله ﷺ

Abu Salama ibn 'Abd Al-Rahman said: I found no one more knowledgeable of the Messenger of Allah's (*SAW*) lifestyle [*sunnah*], more learned in legal consideration [*fiqh*] if a consideration was needed, more knowledgeable about any verse that had been sent down, or any prescribed obligation, than 'Aishah.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir, Section: account of the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) wives

عن عائشة قالت إن المرأة لتتخذ الخرقة لزوجها فإذا قضى الرجل حاجته إمتسحت بها ثم ناولته فمسح عنها كنز العمال للهندى

'Aishah said: Indeed a woman ought to grab a cloth for her husband, for when a man satisfies his need she can use it to wipe, then pass it to him to wipe from her.

Al-Hindi, Kanz Al-'Ummal

قالت عائشة يا معشر النساء لو تعلمن حق أزواجكن عليكن لجعلت المرأة منكن تمسح الغبار عن وجه زوجها بنحر وجهها مصنف إبن ابى شيبة كتاب النكاح

'Aishah said: Oh women, if you knew the rights of your husbands over you, every one of you would get up and wipe the dust from her husband's face with the top of her own face.

Ibn Abi Shaybah, Al-Musannaf, The book of marital relations

عن سائبة مولاة الفاكه بن المغيرة أنها دخلت على عائشة فرأت في بيتها رمحاً موضوعاً فقالت يا أم المؤمنين ما تصنعين بهذا قالت نقتل به هذه الأوزاغ سنن إبن ماجه كتاب الصيد

Sa'ibah, the freed slave of Fakih ibn Al-Mughira, related that she went in to see 'Aishah, and she saw a spear placed there in her house. She said: Oh Mother of the Believers, what do you do with that? She said: We kill lizards with it.

Sunan Ibn Majah, The book of hunting

عن شميسة العتكية قالت ذُكر أدب اليتيم عند عائشة رضي الله عنها فقالت إني لاضرب اليتيم حتى ينبسط

الأدب المفرد للبخاري كتاب الكرم ويتيم

From Shumaisah Al-'Atakiya, who said: The discipline of orphans was mentioned to 'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her), and she said: Indeed I would beat orphans until they straighten out.

Al-Bukhari, Al-adab Al-Mufrad, The book of generosity and orphans

حدثتنا بكرة بنت عقبة أنها دخلت على عائشة وهي جالسة في مُعَصْفرة فسألتها عن الحِنّاء فقالت شجرة طيبة وماء طهور وسألتها عن الحُفاف فقالت لها إن كان لك زوج فاستطعت أن تنزعي مُقلتيك فتصنعيهما أحسن مما هما فافعلي

كتاب الطبقات الكبير لإبن سعد

Bakrah bint 'Uqba related that she went to see 'Aishah, and she was sitting on something dyed with safflower, and Bakrah asked her about henna. She said: A good tree and cleansing rinse. And she asked her about removing facial hair; 'Aishah replied: If you have a husband and are able to remove your eyeballs to make them better than what they are, then do it.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir

عن عائشة رضي الله عنها كانت تكره أن يجعل المصلي يده في خاصرته وتقول إن اليهود تفعله

صحيح البخاري كتاب أحاديث الأنبياء

'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) disliked it when someone who was praying would put his hand on his waist; she said: The Jews do that.

Sahih Al-Bukhari, The book of life and times of the prophets

عن ميمون بن ابي شبيب أن عائشة رضي الله انها مر بها سائل فاعطته كِسرةً ومر بها رجل عليه ثياب وهيئة فأقعدته فأكل فقيل لها في ذلك فقالت قال رسول الله ﷺ أنزلوا الناس منازلهم

سنن ابي داود كتاب الأدب

Maimun ibn Abi Shabib related that a beggar passed by 'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her), and she gave him a morsel. And a man with a garment and a good appearance passed by her, and she asked him to have a seat, and he ate. She was asked about this, and she said: The Messenger of Allah (SAW) said: Treat people according to their status.

Sunan Abu Dawud, The book of manners

عن سعد بن هشام أنه دخل على أم المؤمنين عائشة قال قلت إني أريد أن أسألك عن التبتل فما ترين فيه قالت فلا تفعل أما سمعت الله عز وجل يقول ﴿ ولقد ارسلنا رسلاً من قبلك وجعلنا لهم أزواجاً وذُرِّيةً ﴾ فلا نتبتل سنن النسائي كتاب النكاح

Sa'd ibn Hisham related that he went to see the Mother of the Believers 'Aishah, and said: Indeed I want to ask you about celibacy – what do you think of it? She said: Don't do it; did you not hear Allah Mighty and Sublime say: { And we have sent messengers before you, and we have given them wives and offspring } ? [Al-ra'd 38] So don't be celibate!

Sunan Al-Nasa'i, The book of marital relations

عن علقمة بن ابي علقمة عن أمه أنها قالت سمعت عائشة زوج النبي ﷺ نُسأل عن المحرم أيحُكُّ جسده فقالت نعم فليَحْكُمه وليشْدُد ولو رُبطت يداي ولم أجد إلا رجليَّ لحكَكت موطأ مالك كتاب الحج

'Alqama ibn Abi 'Alqama related from his mother that she said: I heard 'Aishah, the Prophet's (SAW) wife, being asked if someone in ritual purity for hajj [muhrim] could scratch his body. And she said: Sure, let him scratch

it and go at it hard; if my hands were tied and all I had were my feet, I would scratch.

Muwatta Malik, The book of hajj

يحيى بن عمرو عن أبيه عمرو بن سلمة أن عائشة قالت والله لوددت أني كنت شجرةً والله لوددت أني كنت مَدَرة والله لوددت أن الله لم يكن خلقني شيئاً قط

كتاب الطبقات الكبير لإبن سعد ذكر أزواج رسول الله ﷺ

Yahya ibn 'Amr related from his father 'Amr ibn Salama, that 'Aishah said: I swear by Allah I wish I were a tree, I swear by Allah I wish I were a clod of mud, I swear by Allah I wish Allah had never even created me.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir, Section: account of the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) wives

عن عائشة قالت وَدِدت أني إذا مت نَسياً منسيّاً كتاب الطبقات الكبير لإبن سعد ذكر أزواج رسول الله ﷺ

From 'Aishah, who said: I wish I could die in oblivion and forgotten.

Ibn Sa'd, Kitab Al-tabaqat Al-kabir, Section: account of the Messenger of Allah's (SAW) wives

وروي عن مالك من سبّ أبا بكر جُلد ومن سب عائشة قُتل قيل له لم قال من رماها فقد خالف القرآن ... وذكر تعالى ما نسبه المنافقون إلى عائشة فقال في ولو لا إذ سمعتموه قلتم ما يكون لنا أن نتكلم بهذا سبحانك هذا بُهتان عظيم سبّح نفسه في تنريئه عز وجل من السوء وهذا يشهد لقول مالك في قتل من سب عائشة ومعنى هذا والله أعلم أن الله تعالى لما عظم سبّها كما عظم سبه وكان سبها سباً لنبيّه عليه السلام الشفا للقاضى عياض اليحصى

It is narrated from Malik: Whoever insults Abu Bakr is to be flogged, and whoever insults 'Aishah is to be killed. He was asked: Why? He said: Whoever tosses her [i.e. slanders her] has opposed the Qur'an. ... Allah Most High made mention of the accusations of the hypocrites against 'Aishah, and said { Were it not, when you heard it, for you to say: It is not for us to talk of this. Exalted are You! This is great slander! { [Al-nur 16]. He praised himself for absolving her from evil, just as He praised himself for absolving himself, Mighty and Sublime, from evil. And this bears witness to what Malik said regarding killing someone who insults 'Aishah. The meaning here – but Allah knows better – is that Allah Most High made it a grave offense to insult her, just as He made it a grave offense to insult Him [the Prophet]; an insult to her is an insult to Him (peace be upon him).

Al-qadi 'Iyad Al-Yahsubi, Al-shifa

قال الزهري لو جمع علم عائشة إلى علم جميع أزواج النبي ﷺ وعلم جميع النساء لكان علم عائشة أفضل الإستيعاب لإبن عبد البر

Al-Zubair said: If 'Aishah's knowledge were gathered against the knowledge of all of the Prophet's (*SAW*) wives, or the knowledge of all women, 'Aishah's knowledge would be superior.

Ibn 'Abd Al-barr, Al-Isti'ab

عن عائشة أن رسول الله ﷺ علمها أهذا الدعاء ... اللهم إني أسألك الجنة سنن إبن ماجه كتاب الدعاء

The Messenger of Allah (SAW) taught Aishah this prayer: "... Oh Allah! I want to go to paradise!"

Sunan Ibn Majah, The book of prayers